

the Commonwealth Agricultural Bureaux by Dr. H. J. Atkinson and Dr. M. I. Timonin of the Department of Agriculture and Mr. J. G. Robertson of the Office of the High Commissioner for Canada in the United Kingdom.

The Commonwealth Economic Committee issues annual statistics on world production and trade in certain commodities, including dairy produce, meat, fruit and grain crops, and monthly intelligence bulletins on some of these. It has also, from time to time, undertaken special studies on economic questions of interest to Commonwealth governments. The Canadian representative is Mr. F. Hudd of the High Commissioner's Office at London.

The Commonwealth Shipping Committee was established in 1920 for the purpose of making special investigations relating to the co-ordination and improvement of ocean-shipping facilities. It includes representatives of industry as well as of governments. The High Commissioner for Canada in the United Kingdom represents the Canadian Government.

The Commonwealth Telecommunications Board, which operates under the Commonwealth Telegraphs Agreement of 1948, is charged with the duty of making recommendations to Commonwealth governments on joint telecommunications policy, co-ordination of cable and wireless systems, and other telecommunications questions. Canada is represented by Mr. J. H. Tudhope of the High Commissioner's Office at London.

The Commonwealth Air Transport Council is a consultative body for the discussion of civil aviation questions. It issues a quarterly news-letter and holds occasional meetings as required, the latest of which took place at Montreal, Que., in 1950. Mr. J. H. Tudhope is the Canadian member. Canada also participates in an auxiliary regional association, the South Pacific Air Transport Council, which includes the United Kingdom, Australia, New Zealand and Fiji. A meeting of this body was held at Wellington in October, 1951; Canada was represented by the High Commissioner in New Zealand.

The Commonwealth Advisory Aeronautical Research Council is an organization for the promotion of aeronautical research and for discussion and exchange of information on questions of aeronautics. Canadian representatives are Air Vice-Marshal D. M. Smith of the Department of National Defence, and Mr. R. J. Brearley of the High Commissioner's Office, London. A meeting of this body took place at Ottawa, Ont., in September 1950.

The Commonwealth Liaison Committee originated very informally as a means by which United Kingdom government departments could keep the London missions of other Commonwealth countries in touch with developments under the European Recovery Program. Its scope has since been extended to cover other economic matters of mutual interest, in particular the supply and production of raw materials and manufactured goods.

The Commonwealth Committee on Mineral Resources and Geology was set up as a result of a recommendation by the Royal Society Empire Scientific Conference of 1946, which was endorsed by the British Commonwealth Scientific Official Conference of that year, and further developed by the Specialist Conference on Geology and Mineral Resources held in 1948. Its purpose is to promote collaboration and exchange of information on the investigation of geology and mineral resources throughout the Commonwealth. Dr. G. S. Hume of the Department of Mines and Technical Surveys represents the Canadian Government.